

MEDIUM- OR LARGE-DIAMETER SINGLE-CYLINDER CIRCULAR KNITTING MACHINE WITH RADIALLY COMPACT SINKER RING

Technical Field

The present invention relates to a medium- or large-diameter single-cylinder circular knitting machine with radially compact sinker ring.

The expression "medium- or large-diameter single-cylinder circular machine" is used to designate a machine in which the needle cylinder diameter exceeds 4.5 inches (11,43 cm).

Background Art

As is known, in single-cylinder circular knitting machines the sinker ring, hereinafter called "sinkers", is generally fixed coaxially at the upper end of the needle cylinder and extends outside the dimensions of the needle cylinder.

This arrangement of the sinker ring makes it difficult to use special needles, for example of the type disclosed in WO-02/070799, which allow to provide open-knit fabrics and knitting with ladderproof weave. Moreover, the presence of the sinker ring outside the needle cylinder, in known types of machine, is in any case a bulk that makes it more difficult to arrange devices that must face the needle cylinder laterally, such as for example needle control and actuation devices.

Disclosure of the Invention

The aim of the present invention is to solve the problems noted above by providing a medium- or large-diameter single-cylinder circular knitting machine for hosiery or the like, in which the sinker ring has an extremely compact space occupation, or none at all, around the needle cylinder.

Within this aim, an object of the invention is to provide a machine that allows to reduce the problems linked to the adoption of special needles provided with protruding parts around the needle cylinder and/or of devices to be arranged so as to face laterally the needle cylinder proximate to the upper end of said needle cylinder.

Another object of the invention is to provide a machine that is highly reliable in operation and has excellent control over the movement of the sinkers even at high rotation rates of the needle cylinder.

This aim and these and other objects that will become better apparent hereinafter are achieved by a medium- or large-diameter single-cylinder circular knitting machine, comprising a needle cylinder that has a vertical axis and a sinker ring that is connected coaxially to said needle cylinder proximate to the upper end of the needle cylinder, said sinker ring having a plurality of radial slots, each of which accommodates at least one沉器, characterized in that said sinker ring is arranged inside the radial dimensions of said needle cylinder, said沉器 having a beak that is directed toward the axis of the needle cylinder.

Brief description of the drawings

Further characteristics and advantages of the invention will become better apparent from the detailed description of a preferred but not exclusive embodiment of the machine according to the invention, illustrated by way of non-limiting example in the accompanying drawings, wherein:

Figure 1 is a schematic axial sectional view of the needle cylinder of the machine according to the invention;

Figure 2 is a schematic bottom plan view of the sinker cap of the machine according to the invention;

Figure 3 is a sectional view of a portion of the needle cylinder of the machine according to the invention, taken along the line III-III, shown in Figure 2;

Figure 4 is a sectional view of a portion of the needle cylinder of the machine according to the invention, taken along the line IV-IV, shown in Figure 2;

Figure 5 is a sectional view of a portion of the needle cylinder of the machine according to the invention, taken along the line V-V, shown in Figure 2;

Figure 6 is a side elevation view of a sinker of the machine according to the invention.

Ways to carrying out the Invention

With reference to the figures, the machine according to the invention, shown only partially for the sake of simplicity, comprises a needle cylinder 1, with a vertical axis 1a, on the outer lateral surface of which a plurality of axial slots 2 is provided, each of which accommodates at least one needle 3 that can slide in a per se known manner along the corresponding axial slot 2 in order to form knitting. Other elements for actuating the needles 3, such as for example sub-needles 4 and selectors 5, of a known type and not described further for the sake of simplicity, can be arranged in the axial slots 2.

The machine according to the invention also comprises a sinker ring 6, which is fixed coaxially to the needle cylinder 1 proximate to its upper end. The sinker ring 6 has a plurality of radial slots 7, each of which internally slidingly accommodates at least one sinker 8.

According to the invention, the sinker ring 6 is arranged inside the radial dimensions of the needle cylinder 1, in other words it has a radial extension such that it lays in, and is comprised within, the overall radial dimensions of the needle cylinder. The sinkers 8 have a beak 8a that is directed toward the axis 1a of the needle cylinder 1 and is designed to engage the thread knitted by the needles 3.

The sinkers 8 have a laminar body that is provided, along its upper side, with an actuation heel 8b, which protrudes upwardly from the corresponding radial slot 7 and can engage actuation cams 9, which are connected to a sinker cap 10 that faces the sinker ring 6 in an upward region. The sinker cap 10 is disengaged from the rotation of the needle cylinder 1 and of the sinker ring 6, which can be rotationally actuated about the axis 1a with respect to the sinker cap 10.

More particularly, the sinker cap 10 is fixed to a goblet-like element

11, which as in known types of single-cylinder machine is arranged internally and coaxially to the needle cylinder 1.

Preferably, the sinker cap 10 is provided as a peripheral rim of the goblet-like element 11, and its upper face defines a conical surface that 5 widens upwardly, as an extension of the upper face of the goblet-like element 11.

The radial slots 7 of the sinker ring 6 have a bottom 7a, on which the corresponding sinker 8 rests, which is preferably arranged on a plane that is substantially perpendicular to the axis 1a and is recessed with respect to the 10 upper end of the needle cylinder 1.

Conveniently, a radial slot 12 is provided in the upper end of the needle cylinder 1 between two contiguous axial slots 2 that accommodate respective needles 3, is aligned with a corresponding radial slot 7 of the sinker ring 6, and slidingly accommodates a portion of the corresponding 15 sinker 8, forming another resting surface in addition to the surface of the bottom 7a on which another portion of the sinker 8 rests. Said other resting surface is at a higher level than the bottom 7a.

More particularly, the lower side of the sinker 8 is step-shaped, with two resting surfaces for the sinker 8, respectively a lower resting surface 8c, 20 which engages the bottom 7a of the radial slot 7 formed in the sinker ring 6, and an upper resting surface 8d, which engages the bottom of the radial slot 12 formed in the upper end of the needle cylinder 1.

Each sinker 8 preferably has a first portion 8e, which is delimited in a downward region by the lower resting surface 8c and is provided in an 25 upward region with the heel 8b, upward and downward refer to a possible position of the sinker as shown in figure 6, and may be arranged in a working configuration, and a second portion 8f, which is delimited in a downward region by the upper resting surface 8d and is provided with the beak 8a. On the first portion 8e there is a shoulder 8g, which is arranged 30 opposite the heel 8b. In this manner, a seat 13 designed to be engaged by the

cams 9 is formed between the heel 8b and the shoulder 8g.

The cams 9 are preferably constituted by an annular cam 14, which is fixed below the sinker cap 10 and lies coaxially to the sinker ring 6. The annular cam 14 has contoured portions 15, so as to have parts that approach 5 the axis 1a and parts that move away from it, in order to impart to the sinkers 8, as a consequence of the rotation of the needle cylinder 1 and of the sinker ring 6 about the axis 1a with respect to the annular cam 14, a reciprocating movement toward and away from the axis 1a, so that the sinkers 8 can cooperate, in a per se known manner, with the needles 3 in the 10 formation of stitches.

The embodiment shown relates to a circular machine with four feeds or drops, and therefore the annular cam 14 has four contoured portions 15, one for each one of the feeds or drops of the machine.

Conveniently, along the extension of the sinker cap 10 and along the 15 extension of the annular cam 14 it is possible to provide a removable portion, designated by the reference numerals 10a and 14a respectively, to allow easy extraction of damaged or worn sinkers 8 and their replacement with new sinkers 8.

In practice, with respect to the sinkers with which known types of 20 single-cylinder machine are equipped, the sinkers 8 in the machine according to the invention have a beak 8a, which is hook-shaped and directed toward the heel 8b.

In the machine according to the invention, the sinker cap 10 and the upper end of the goblet-like element 11 are fixed to a supporting ring 20, 25 which is arranged inside the sinker ring 6 and is connected thereto by means of a bearing 21, which is coaxial to the sinker ring 6, so that the sinker ring 6 can rotate about the axis 1a, together with the needle cylinder 1, while the goblet-like element 11 and the sinker cap 10 remain stationary.

For the sake of completeness in description, it should be noted that 30 the machine according to the invention is provided with a circuit for

lubricating the radial slots 7 and the bearing 21. As shown in Figure 3, a first lubrication duct 22 is connected to the supporting ring 20 and feeds a distribution duct 23 formed in the supporting ring 20 and provided with outlets 23a at the radial slots 7. The lubrication circuit comprises a second 5 lubrication duct 24, which is connected to the supporting ring 20 and feeds a duct 25 that leads into the interspace that accommodates the bearing 21.

Operation of the machine according to the invention is as follows.

When the needle cylinder 1 and the sinker ring 6 are rotationally actuated about the axis 1a, the sinkers 8 move along the profile of the 10 annular cam 14, which at the contoured portions 15 moves the sinkers 8 away from the axis 1a, while the needles 3, after engaging the thread at a feed or drop of the machine, move downwardly to form new loops of knitting so that the thread rests on the knitting forming surface 8h arranged proximate to the beak 8a. During the upward motion of the needles 3 to 15 engage a new thread, the sinkers 8, as a consequence of the shape of the annular cam 14, are again moved toward the axis 1a, so as to tension, on the stem of the corresponding needles 3, the loops of knitting formed previously by said needles, as in known types of circular machine.

It should be noted that the resting of the sinkers 8 also on the bottom 20 of the slots 12, since said resting is located in the direct vicinity of the beak 8a and of the knitting forming surface 8h, i.e., the regions of the sinkers on which the forces exchanged between the thread and the sinkers are discharged, achieves high stability of the sinkers 8 even with high actuation speeds of the needle cylinder 1 and in the presence of high tensions applied 25 to the threads knitted by the needles 3.

Moreover, because the sinkers 8 move on a plane that is perpendicular to the axis 1a of the needle cylinder 1, high precision in the movement of the sinkers 8 is achieved.

In practice it has been found that the machine according to the 30 invention fully achieves the intended aim and objects, since by arranging the

sinker ring within the dimensions of the needle cylinder there are no problems in using particular needles that have protrusions on the outer side of the needle cylinder and the entire region arranged around the needle cylinder proximate to its upper end is freed.

5 The machine thus conceived is susceptible of numerous modifications and variations, all of which are within the scope of the appended claims; all the details may further be replaced with other technically equivalent elements.

10 In practice, the materials used, as well as the dimensions, may be any according to requirements and to the state of the art.

The disclosures in Italian Patent Application No. MI2003A002300 from which this application claims priority are incorporated herein by reference.